

Update Bulletin

StoreNext C-DSD

April 12, 2004

A preliminary version of StoreNext's upcoming "Connected DSD" system was shown at February's MarkeTechnics show. C-DSD has the power to change the way much of the independent store business is configured, and can change the fundamental position of a back office in the supermarket.

As is usual with new concepts, C-DSD raised a lot of questions. How does C-DSD relate to the DSD and receiving system with RBO? Is C-DSD targeted for simple or sophisticated operations? Will StoreNext change product strategy with RBO? How will C-DSD be positioned?

Here are some of the market basics for C-DSD as we see them:

- The fundamental concept of C-DSD is to fill the unmet need in small stores for DSD and receiving. Many small stores today have no receiving capabilities because the cost for a full back office system and its associated hardware is too difficult to justify in such small operations.
- It has been proven time and time again that there is an enormous return from proper management of receiving. DSD vendors regularly take advantage of small operators with pre-deal loading and costing errors that do serious damage to the store's ability to survive profitably.
- Proper receiving management puts dollars on the bottom line from Day 1, and C-DSD will eliminate that big up-front investment for application software.
- With the "heavy" back office provided by ISS45, and the price and shelf management functions of PocketOffice, a small operator will not need a full-fledged back office except for receiving or DSD. StoreNext's C-DSD will fix that. The PocketOffice iPad will fulfill both the PocketOffice and C-DSD functions, plus wholesaler order terminal functions¹ to eliminate hardware replication and cost.

Larger and sophisticated operations may still consider a full, integrated back office system a necessity. But the "stack" of PoS/Back Office/DSD can be easily replaced in small stores with PoS/PocketOffice/C-DSD at enormous savings.

Here are some important distinctions and thoughts regarding C-DSD and how it may fit into your independent market.

COMPARISON AND POSITIONING OF RBO DSD AND C-DSD

RBO DSD

- RBO DSD is best-suited for the grocer looking for a mature DSD package, along with an in-store back office package

¹ Depending on the wholesaler of course...

- RBO's DSD is a "thick client" application that is fully integrated with the RBO back office package
- RBO DSD provides an exceptional reporting module with special reports such as "Going in/Going out" gross, supplier recap, deal days, buy-in etc.
- RBO DSD ties in to RBO's inventory management capabilities
- RBO DSD requires maintenance of item file at store level (most likely being done already if they are using RBO's basic back office capabilities)
- Does not support DEX

Connected C-DSD

- C-DSD is a "thin client" application that does not require a back office package
- C-DSD is best suited for grocers seeking the basic receiving functions, and auditing capabilities offered in Phase 1 (See features and functions listed below)
- Beside the actual receiving function (on the hand-held) C-DSD will offer a receiving document auditing tool (no reports). This is the fundamental documents manager in StoreNext Connected Services which allows the auditing of specific receiving documents as well as updating them.
- Obviously, a cost catalog is required. Connected Services will offer a "slim" catalog for C-DSD that requires only basic item management (see data elements required listed below).
- Does not support DEX.

STORENEXT C-DSD FEATURES AND FUNCTIONS

The following describes the primary capabilities of StoreNext initial C-DSD release

1. The user will be able to create a delivery document (DSD) where the item/supplier information is retrieved from Connected Services
 - a. The supplier search can be conducted by code, name or an item scan
2. The user can input the following data while creating a delivery document:
 - a. Delivery (invoice) number - required
 - b. Credit (any applicable invoice credits) - optional
 - c. Surcharge (any applicable invoice surcharges) - optional
 - d. Date - default to current date
 - e. Invoice totals: Line count, Item count (qty.), Total \$\$ - optional
3. The user scans items being received. Upon scanning the following capabilities will be provided:
 - a. View the following information regarding the item scanned:
 - i. Item name
 - ii. Receiving case
 - iii. Case ratio (number of units in case)
 - iv. Case cost
 - b. Update quantity received (either manually using keys) or by scanning product again

- c. Additional information available on the item (for review purposes only)
- d. Scan by supplier order number - optional
- e. Scan by item's additional code - optional
- f. While receiving, the user can manually enter UPC numbers for items that cannot be scanned. A search capability may be added in the future.
4. An exception function is also available, in which the user can perform the following:
 - a. Free item - define the item scanned as a free item
 - b. Return item (within a regular receiving document)
 - c. Invoice quantity (ability to indicate when invoiced qty differs from actual received quantity)
 - d. input return quantity as well as invoiced quantity)
 - e. Credit and surcharge at item level
5. The user can review the scanned items in a list, with the ability to sort by UPC, name, or scanned sequence
 - a. The user can edit and/or delete scanned items from this point
6. The user will be able to suspend a delivery and resume input into that existing delivery document at a later stage
7. After completion of receiving the user can review and edit the receiving document using Connected Services screens (Documents Manager function)
8. The user can also create a return document to facilitate returns to supplier

C-DSD MINIMUM REQUIRED DATA ELEMENTS

- Item level elements
 - Item code - UPC
 - Item description
 - Case cost
 - Case ratio (units in case)
 - Supplier - along with the link between the supplier and the relevant cases supplied
- Supplier
 - Supplier code
 - Supplier name

CONNECTED SERVICES C-DSD CATALOG

The implementation of a catalog for C-DSD brings some interesting distinctions based upon specific configuration scenarios:

- If the user has implemented CIH, the catalog issues become very simple
- If the user is presently using another host product, StoreNext would need to interface to it to facilitate the catalog information required for C-DSD. Otherwise, the user would have to key data twice.

- If the user no current host and no current back office, a slim catalog management tool in Connected Services is required to allow users to manage the basic DSD elements without having to manage a central item file. These can be managed at corporate level and/or stores level.
- If the user has no host but *does* have a back office solution, the store may either choose to use the back office solution's DSD, or C-DSD would need to interface to these back office systems in order to keep track of the relevant item information required for connected DSD.

StoreNext expects C-DSD to be ready for its first users and customers late this quarter.

To Your Success,

Dror

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StoreNext Connected Services